

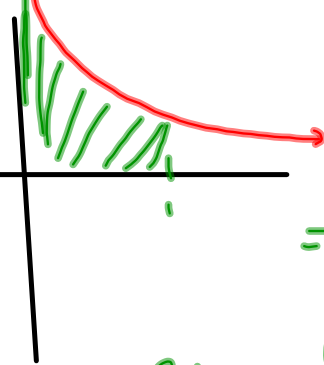
10.2 Part 2

is

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

✓ Convergent
or
✓ Divergent?

$1/\sqrt{x}$ undefined @ 0



$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \int_a^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \int_a^1 x^{-1/2} dx$$

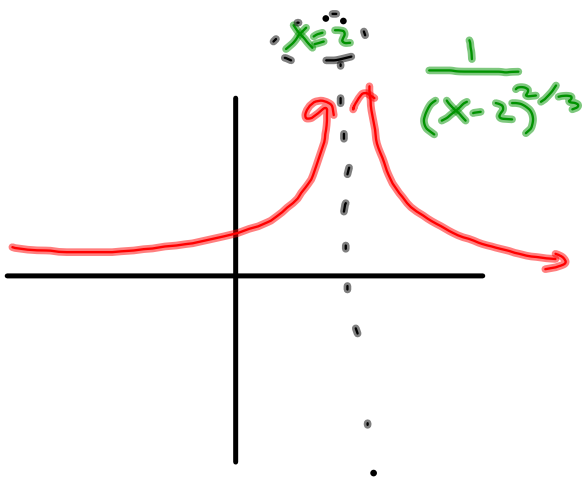
$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \left[2x^{1/2} \Big|_a^1 \right]$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \left[2\sqrt{1} - 2\sqrt{a} \right]$$

$$= 2\sqrt{1} - 0$$
$$\boxed{= 2}$$

CONVERGENT!

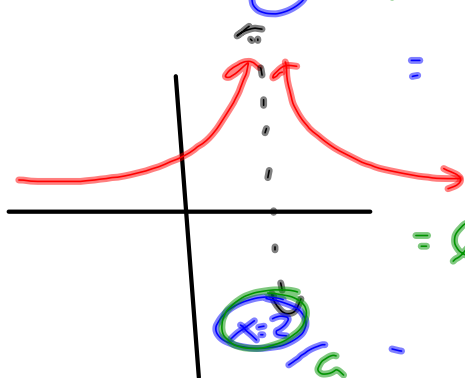
Does $\int_1^2 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx$ converge or diverge?



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{b \rightarrow 2} \int_1^b 1(x-2)^{-2/3} dx \\
 &= \lim_{b \rightarrow 2} 3(x-2)^{1/3} \Big|_1^b \\
 &= \lim_{b \rightarrow 2} \left[3(\underline{b-2})^{1/3} - 3(1-2)^{1/3} \right] \\
 &= \left[0 - 3(-1)^{1/3} \right] \\
 &= 0 - 3(-1) \\
 &= 3 \quad \text{converges!!}
 \end{aligned}$$

Does $\Rightarrow \int_1^4 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx$

converge or diverge?



$$= \int_1^2 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx + \int_2^4 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} \left[\int_1^a f(x) dx + \int_a^4 f(x) dx \right]$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} \int_1^a f(x) dx + \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} \int_a^4 f(x) dx$$

$$= 3 + \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} \int_a^4 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx$$

$$= 3 + \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} 3[x-2]^{1/3} \Big|_a^4$$

$$= 3 + 3 \lim_{a \rightarrow 2} \left[(4-2)^{1/3} - (\underline{a-2})^{1/3} \right]$$

$$= 3 + 3 \left[2^{1/3} - 0 \right]$$

$$= \boxed{3 + 3\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

converges



$$\int_1^4 (x-2)^{-2/3} dx =$$

$$\boxed{\text{Area} = 3 + 3\sqrt[3]{2}}$$